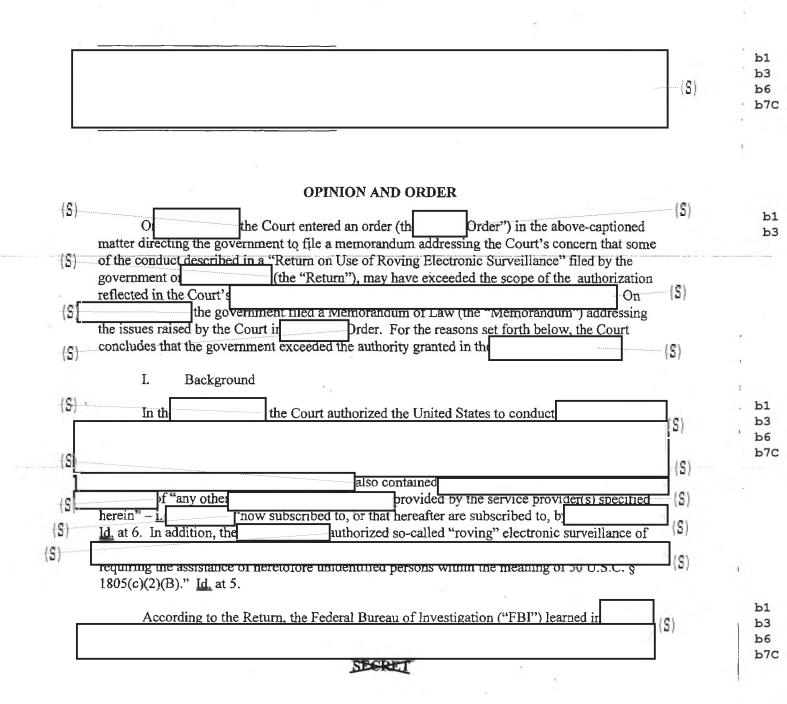
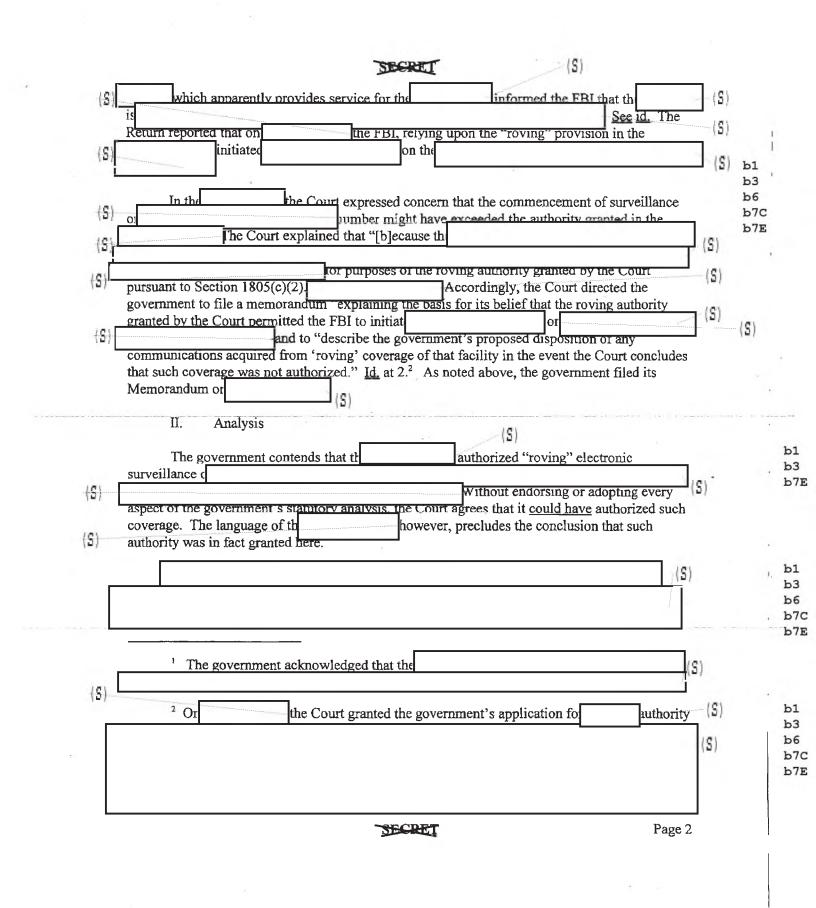
FBI INFO.	
CLASSIFIED BY: NSICG	
REASON: 1.4 (C)	
DECLASSIFY ON: 12-31-2035	
DATE: 10-23-2017	

## SECRET

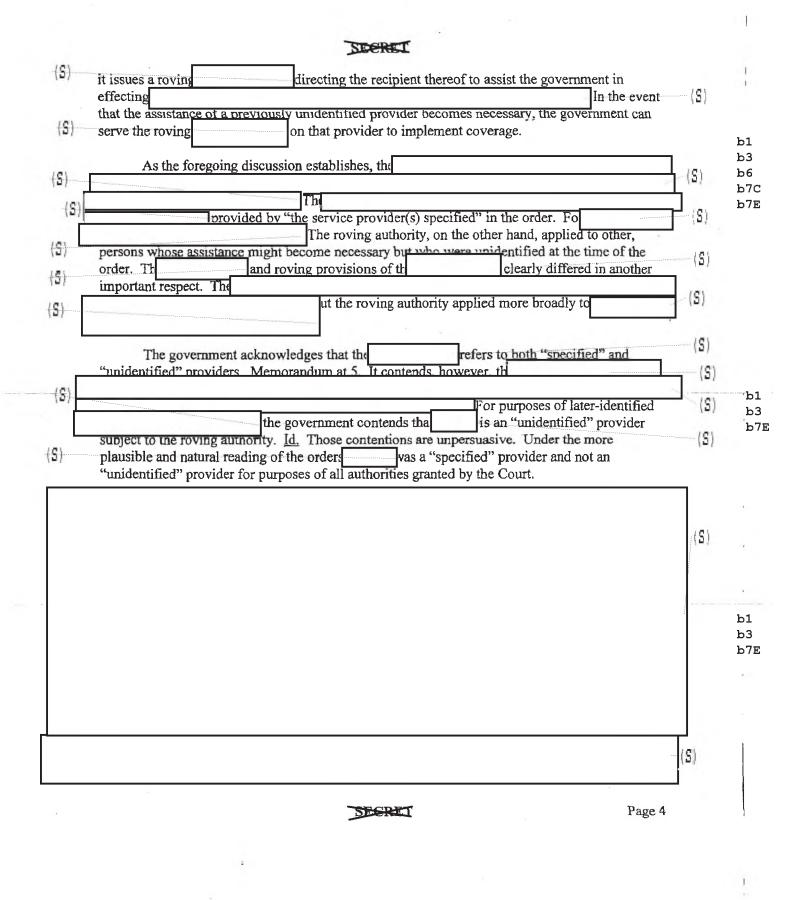
## UNITED STATES FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE COURT WASHINGTON, D.C.





(S) At the government's request, the Court to assist in the of (S)	(S)	b1 b3 b6 b7C b7E
The third category of	(S)	b1 b3 b7E
<ul> <li>accomplish the electronic surveillance." See 50 U.S.C. 1805(c)(2)(B). For example, the Court might approve a request for roving coverage when the specific facts presented (e.g., a history of service provider changes) suggest that the target is likely to be obtain a from, a different service provider. When the Court grants roving authority</li> <li><sup>3</sup> 50 U.S.C. § 1805(c) requires that an order authorizing electronic surveillance contain</li> </ul>	(S)	3
certain "specifications" and "directions." Subsection (c)(2)(B) requires that such an order direct that, upon the request of the applicant, a specified communication or other common carrier, landlord, custodian, or other specified person, or in circumstances where the Court finds, based on specific facts provided in the application, that the actions of the target of the application may have the effect of thwarting the identification of a specified person, such other persons, furnish the applicant forthwith all information, facilities, or technical assistance necessary to accomplish the electronic surveillance		
50 U.S.C. § 1805(c)(2)(B).	3	

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Г		٦		
		(S)		
		/		
			b1	
		13	b3	
	The Court door not doubt that it could have outborized correspond of		b6 b7C	
(S)	The Court does not doubt that it <u>could have</u> authorized coverage of In other cases in which the government has requested roving autionity and	(S)	b7E	
	made the required thwarting showing, the government has proposed, and the Court has approved,	(S)		-
(S)[	various forms of language expressly authorizing of any later-identified during the period covered by the order, without the			
,u/ -	limiting language that appeared in the at issue here. See, e.g., Docket No	(S)		
	Indeed, the Court approved such a request in the most recent renewal this matter. See Docket N			-
S)		(S)		
	But the government made no similar request in the above-captioned docket. The Court			
C)	adopted without revision the proposed that the government attached to its	- (S)		b1 b3
S)	application. The application tracked the additional and serviced by the specified			b6
	providers, see Docket No by separately requesting authority	(S)		b7C b7E
(S)				
	<sup>4</sup> The corresponding provisions of the government's application likewise provide no			
(S)	basis for viewing a las an "unidentified" provider. See Docket No. (5)			
			L 1	
(S)	<sup>5</sup> The Court acknowledges that ft ould have been clearer and more		b1 b3	
	consistent in its terminology. <u>See. e.s</u> at 5 &11 (using terms "heretofore unidentified persons" and "persons who have not yet been identified" to describe same	1	b7E	
	category of providers); id. at 6 & 10 (using terms "service provider(s) specified herein" and			
	"specified persons" to refer to same class of providers); <u>id.</u> at 11 (arguably referring to both categories of providers as "said specified persons"). Nevertheless, the language of the order does		2	
	not support the conclusion that a provider such as which was identified by name in the			
	order, could also qualify as an unidentified provider. (S)			
	Page 5			
			1	

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SECRET (S) b1 for surveillance o and requiring assistance of b3 unidentified persons, id, at 47: and differentiating between lirected to specified (S)b6 (S) persons and a "rovin directed to unidentified persons, id. at 42. Although b7C other portions of the application spoke more generally of a request for additional b7E  $\{S\}$ the application, read as a whole, cannot fairly be understood to have requested authority for (5) Ш. Conclusion In light of the foregoing, the Court concludes that the the above captioned-docket did not authorize S b1 The government shall handle the fruits of the unauthorized surveillance in accordance <u>(S)</u> b3 with applicable law and report to the Court in accordance with FISC Rule 10(c)(iv).6 b7E S) It is SO ORDERED, this THOMAS F. HOGAN Judge, United States Foreig Intelligence Surveillance Court <sup>6</sup> Although the Court concludes that there has been an overcollection, the Court sees no indication of bad faith on the part of the agents or attorneys involved. Arguably, at least, "roving" practice has not been entirely consistent, see Memorandum at 4 n.2., and the language in the application and orders in this matter could have been clearer, see note 5, supra. The government has agreed to make clarifying changes to its proposed orders in future "roving" cases that are likely to reduce the risk of misunderstandings like the one that occurred in this matter. Id. at 16-17. STOCKET Page 6 Deputy Clerk, b6

FISC, certify that this document is a true and correct conv of the original.

b7C